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PROTOCOL for DTU Genomic Proficiency Test 2021

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APPENDICES



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1 OVERVIEW AND OBJECTIVES

The DTU Genomic proficiency test (PT) 2021, consists of two general parts:

- 1a. DNA extraction, purification, library-preparation, and whole genome sequencing (WGS) from **live cultures**
- 1b. WGS of **pre-prepared DNA**

NB: Please pay careful attention to instructions regarding the format and naming of results files submitted

The main **objective** of this proficiency test is to quantify differences among laboratories in order to facilitate the development of reliable laboratory results of consistently good quality within the area of DNA preparation, sequencing, and analysis (*e.g.* detection of antimicrobial resistance (AMR) genes, MLST, serotype). This ensures that the discrepancies and differences among laboratories are known and will contribute to the standardization of WGS and data analysis, with the aim to produce comparable data for the monitoring and research purposes.

The DTU Genomic PT 2021 is coordinated by the National Food Institute, Denmark and funded by the Fleming Fund (SEQAFRICA Regional Grant; the Fleming Fund is a £265 million UK aid investment to tackle antimicrobial resistance in low- and middle-income countries around the world. The programme is managed by the UK Department of Health and Social Care, in partnership with Mott MacDonald, the Fleming Fund Grants Management Agent), the EU Commission (via the EU Reference Laboratory for Antimicrobial Resistance), and supported by funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme under grant agreement No 773830: One Health European Joint Programme.

2 INTRODUCTION

The proficiency test programme focuses on *Salmonella enterica*, *Escherichia coli*, *Campylobacter coli*/*Campylobacter jejuni* and allows for sign-up for each organism, separately. Note that item 1a and item 1b are parallel; *i.e.* when signing up for 1a for one organism, the participation in 1b is also expected.

The two items consist of

- 1a) DNA extraction, purification, library-preparation, and WGS of six bacterial cultures: two *Salmonella enterica* strains, two *E. coli* strains and two *Campylobacter* strains.
- 1b) WGS of pre-prepared DNA of the same six bacterial strains mentioned in clause 1a.



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Institutes/organizations that signed up to participate will receive the PT-material (cultures/pre-prepared DNA) according to the registered sign-up information.

For the test strains that are analysed, participants will be requested to submit the data and test results for evaluation listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Data/test results requested for submission

Type of data/test results	
1	Upload reads of the sequenced culture/pre-prepared DNA to ScienceData (FASTQ-files) Mandatory
2	Details in relation to received test material Mandatory
3	Details in relation to sequencing and analysis method Mandatory
4	Identification of the Multi Locus Sequence Type (MLST) of the sequenced culture/pre-prepared DNA Mandatory
5	Identification of antimicrobial resistance genes, chromosomal mutations inducing antimicrobial resistance, upregulated AmpC (relevant for <i>E. coli</i>) and subsequently identification of the predicted phenotype of the culture/pre-prepared DNA). Mandatory
6	Identification of serogroup/serotype (relevant for <i>Salmonella</i> and <i>E. coli</i>) Optional

3 OUTLINE OF THE DTU GENOMIC PT 2021

3.1 Shipping, receipt and storage of bacterial strains

In October 2021, laboratories located in Europe (members of the EURL-AR-network and EJP CARE partners) and in Africa (SEQAFRICA partners), will receive a parcel containing two strains of *Salmonella enterica*, two strains of *Escherichia coli*, as well as two *Campylobacter* strains together with corresponding pre-prepared DNA (contents of the parcel will correspond to the registered sign-up information). All bacterial strains and DNA are shipped as UN3373, Biological substance category B.

Please confirm receipt of the parcel through the confirmation form enclosed in the shipment

The *Salmonella* and *E. coli* strains are shipped as swabs (Amies agar gel with charcoal; Copan Transystem™) whereas the *Campylobacter* strains are shipped as charcoal swabs (Stuarts Transportmedium).

On arrival of the parcel to the laboratory, open the parcel to confirm the contents are as listed in the cover letter.



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Upon receipt, store the swab cultures (bacterial cultures) at 5-25°C until microbial analysis. We suggest that you sub-culture and prepare the cultures for storage in your strain collection (*e.g.* in a -80°C freezer) within 48 hours from reception of the parcel.

You will receive the pre-prepared DNA as dried samples. Upon receipt, either rehydrate your sample (please see further details under 3.3.2 Item 1b; DNA) and store the liquid samples at room temperature in closed tubes to prevent evaporation, or store the dried samples in

- (a) A dry storage cabinet at room temperature (15-25°C), or
- (b) A heat-sealed, moisture-barrier bag along with a silica gel desiccant pack, or
- (c) If sequencing of the samples is planned within the first 10 days of arrival of the shipment, you may store the dried samples in the zip-lock bag in which they arrived along with the silica gel desiccant pack. If moisture starts to appear, the desiccant pack must be changed.

3.2 Technologies covered

Paired end sequence reads must be submitted for analysis.

Assessment of single end sequence reads or long reads sequences (*e.g.*, ONP) is not offered as part of the present PT. For single end sequence reads, this due to the fact that the analysis and assessment of the submitted sequences includes parameters that cannot be evaluated for FASTQ files containing single end reads (Q-score R2 average quality reverse and average insert size) thus analysis of such FASTQ files will not be able to reach a 100 % performance level. For long reads sequences, the reason for the DTU Genomic PT 2021 not including this technology is that currently the analysis pipeline applied is not applicable for handling long reads sequences.

3.3 Supplied test material

3.3.1 Item 1a; Bacterial cultures

The bacterial cultures supplied have been sequenced multiple times and the genomes have been closed.

The PT-organizers therefore encourage participants to subculture and prepare the bacterial cultures for storage in your strain collection (*e.g.* in a -80°C freezer) with the purpose of future internal quality control and to serve as reference if discrepancies are detected during the testing (*e.g.* they can be used to detect errors such as mislabelling or contamination).



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3.3.2 Item 1b; DNA

Each vial of the supplied pre-prepared DNA contains a minimum of 2 µg DNA.

Before use, the supplied DNA should be rehydrated. Add 60 – 100 µl nuclease free water or aqueous buffer to the dried DNA. Incubate the tubes at room temperature for 15 minutes to allow complete hydration. Gently mix the sample by pipetting, to re-suspend the sample. The rehydrated DNA can now be used directly in downstream application.

Unused rehydrated sample can be stored for up to one month at 4 degrees or room temperature, or longterm at -80°C, if available, otherwise at -20°C.

Optional: The quality of the rehydrated DNA can be checked and visualized by agarose gel electrophoresis. The amount of DNA supplied in each tube is sufficient to run a small fraction on a gel.

3.4 Procedure and analysis of test material

3.4.1 Item 1a and 1b; Bacterial cultures and DNA

Subculture the bacterial strains on a growth medium relevant for the organism in question and incubate. Following incubation and assessment of purity of the bacterial cultures, perform DNA extraction and WGS according to the laboratory's standard procedure.

For the pre-prepared DNA received, perform WGS according to the laboratory's standard procedure.

While handling both bacterial cultures and pre-prepared DNA (items 1a and 1b), register relevant information. For this purpose, Appendix 3 (testforms) gives an overview of the requested data (information and results) relevant to the sequencing and the analysis of the sequences, whereas Appendix 2 (manual for the webtool) presents the information on how to access the webtool and the procedure for submission of data.

4 RESULTS SUBMISSION

For results submission, both transferring FASTQ-files to a filefolder on ScienceData and submission of data via the DTU Genomic PT webtool is relevant.



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4.1 Using ScienceData to transfer FASTQ-files

For submission of sequencing results (FASTQ-files), the ScienceData data platform will be used. Via the cover letter, each participant is informed about their individual credentials to login to the ScienceData data platform. The cover letter is included as a hardcopy with the shipment of the PT material and also forwarded as a pdf document by email to the PT contact persons.

When you have transferred your files, please check the size of the files in ScienceData to confirm that they correspond to the expected file sizes. For detailed information on how to transfer files, please consult Appendix 1.

4.2 Submission of sequence files

Before submission of the FASTQ-files, rename them to match corresponding samples as follows: files related to GENOMIC21-003-BACT should be called 2021-XX_GENOMIC21-003-BACT_R1.fastq.gz and 2021-XX_GENOMIC21-003-BACT_R2.fastq.gz, where 2021-XX refers to the laboratory number you have been given as a participant in the current proficiency test. You find your individual laboratory number (LabID) at the top of your cover letter.

Transfer FASTQ-files related to item 1a and 1b to ScienceData. Files available in your ScienceData folder by the submission deadline are considered for evaluation. Subsequently, pre-screening steps will be performed to check the sequence file format (FASTQ) and file name (as described above). If the file format and file name are not compatible with the submission guideline, the file will be excluded from further analysis.

4.3 Submission of method information and results from the sequence analysis

Details in relation to submission of method information and results from the sequence analysis (see also Table 1) via the webtool are described in Appendix 2. Test forms that present an overview for recording your results before you enter them into the web tool are available in Appendix 3. This is relevant for:

- Details in relation to received test material (mandatory).
- Details in relation to sequencing and analysis method (mandatory).
- Identification of the Multi Locus Sequence Type (MLST) of the sequenced culture and pre-prepared DNA (mandatory).
- Identification of antimicrobial resistance genes, chromosomal mutations inducing antimicrobial resistance, upregulated AmpC (relevant for *E. coli*) and subsequently identification of the predicted phenotype of the culture/pre-prepared DNA) (mandatory).
- Identification of serogroup/serotype (relevant for *Salmonella* and *E. coli*) (optional).



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For results related to antimicrobial resistance, note that the analysis might require collaboration between a bioinformatician and a microbiologist with knowledge within the field of antimicrobial resistance.

4.4 Deadline for submission of results

Submission is successful after ticking off the 'final submit' in the webtool (see webtool manual, Appendix 2). Following 'final submit', the primary and secondary contact person receives an email with the submitted results as an attachment. Results must be submitted electronically **no later than 21 December 2021**. Immediately after this date, the webtool will be closed for further edits and submission. Delayed submission of results will not be accepted.

Note: Updated deadline is 4 March 2022

5 HOW TO SUBMIT RESULTS VIA THE WEBTOOL

The webtool manual (Appendix 2) presents the procedure of submission in detail and we recommend to read it carefully before submitting your results (method details and results from the analysis of the obtained sequences).

Access the webtool using this URL: <https://genomic-pt.dtu.dk>.

When you submit your results, remember to have by your side the completed test forms (Appendix 3).

Do not hesitate to contact us if you experience difficulties with the webtool.

Before finally submitting your input for the DTU Genomic PT 2021, please ensure that you have filled in all the relevant fields as **you can only 'finally submit' once!** 'Final submit' blocks data entry.

⇒ About login to the webtool:

When first given access to login to the webtool, your **personal loginID and password** were sent to you by email. This is relevant for two email addresses connected to each participating laboratory. The PT organizers have defined a primary and a secondary contact based on the contact persons registered at the sign-up.

Note that:

- a) If the PT organizers has only one contact person for a participating laboratory, this person is registered both as primary and secondary contact. Should you like to add another person as the secondary contact, please contact suska@food.dtu.dk



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- b) If your laboratory has registered two or more contact points, two have been defined as the primary and secondary contact. Should you like to make changes to the primary and secondary contact or should you like more than the two persons to be able to access the webtool, please contact suska@food.dtu.dk.

6 RESULTS EVALUATION

6.1 Submitted sequences

For both bacterial cultures and pre-prepared DNA (items 1a and 1b), the evaluation will be based on the submitted sequence data (FASTQ-files) which will be assembled using SPAdes [<http://bioinf.spbau.ru/spades>] and run through a QC pipeline by the PT-organizers. The output from the QC analysis are collected in two tables: a summarizing scoring table and an elaborating QC parameter table. The QC parameter table contains the specific values from the QC analysis, including (but not limited to) number of reads, coverage, depth of coverage, number of contigs and N50. The scoring table sums up the general performance of each sample based on the following criteria: average coverage, average insert size, MLST type, Q-score of R1, Q-score of R2 and size of the assembled genome compared to the reference genome.

When receiving the results evaluation, each participant is asked to assess their own performance and consider whether the obtained results should lead to adjustments internally, considering their handling of bacterial strains and/or DNA sequencing.

Output from the QC pipeline will be evaluated by the PT-organizers to identify underperformance, based on outlying results.

6.2 Submitted method details and results from the analysis of the obtained sequences

After the submission deadline, when all participants have uploaded results, you will be able to login to the webtool once again to view and print an automatically generated report evaluating your results. Results submitted to the webtool are evaluated automatically and upon deadline, an evaluation report may be extracted.

Evaluation criteria relevant to the submitted results are presented in the webtool manual (see Appendix 2).

Details in relation to received test material and in relation to sequencing and analysis method will be used as background for the analysis.



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6.3 Analysis and publication of results

Each participating laboratory will receive an individual summary of the obtained performance, moreover, an overall report summarizing the results will be published and possibly subsequently in a peer-reviewed publication. Authors and co-authors of the publications will be those who have contributed to the preparation and execution of the proficiency test. Due to the anonymity of results, the individual participating laboratories will not be acknowledged in the publications.

Individual results will be anonymized using laboratory codes which are confidential and known only to the individual laboratory and the PT-organizers. For laboratories related to the Fleming Fund grant, SEQAFRICA, the complete list of laboratory codes are known to the project management team, Mott MacDonald and the Fleming Fund, for laboratories participating as part of the EURL-AR network, the complete list of laboratory codes are known to the EU Commission, and for laboratories in the EJP CARE network, the complete list of laboratory codes will be known to the coordinators of the current PT (WP1).

We are looking forward to receiving your results.

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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PROTOCOL for DTU Genomic Proficiency Test, 2021 - APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Using ScienceData to transfer files

Appendix 2 DTU Genomic PT webtool guideline

Appendix 3 Testforms – overview of method information and results to be submitted via the webtool



Appendix 1

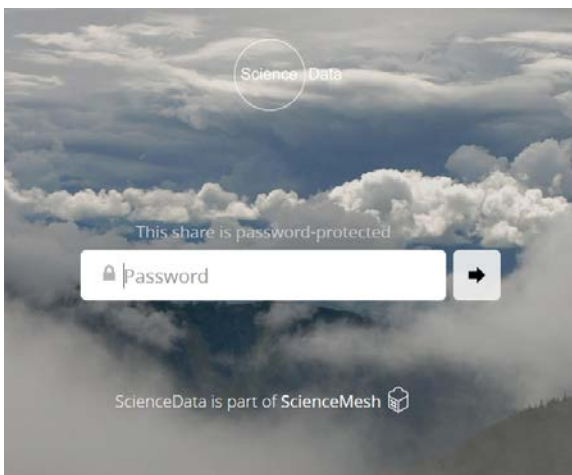
Using ScienceData to transfer files

ScienceData is a cloud based storage data platform built and operated by the Technical University of Denmark (DTU).

Obtain access to the platform by using the link and login code provided by to you in the cover letter included as a hardcopy with the shipment of the PT material and also forwarded as a pdf document by email to the PT contact persons.

Uploading files to the ScienceData platform:

1. Click on the link provided by the proficiency test organizer and find the following image:



2. Type in the password provided by the proficiency test organizer and see following image:



Nothing in here. Upload something!

3. Click on the blue “Upload” button to choose and upload your files.
4. Confirm that the size of the transferred files correspond to the expected file sizes.



Appendix 2

DTU Genomic PT webtool guideline

⇒ Browser requirements

IMPORTANT: The system works with the following browsers

Browser	Oldest supported version*
Google Chrome	44.0
Firefox	39.0

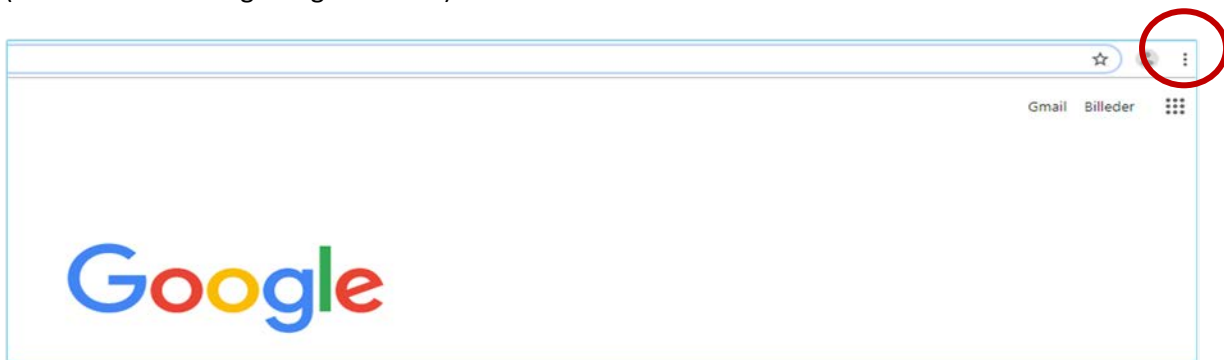
* latest version is recommended

⇒ Access the webtool

IMPORTANT: To access the webtool, you must use an incognito window.

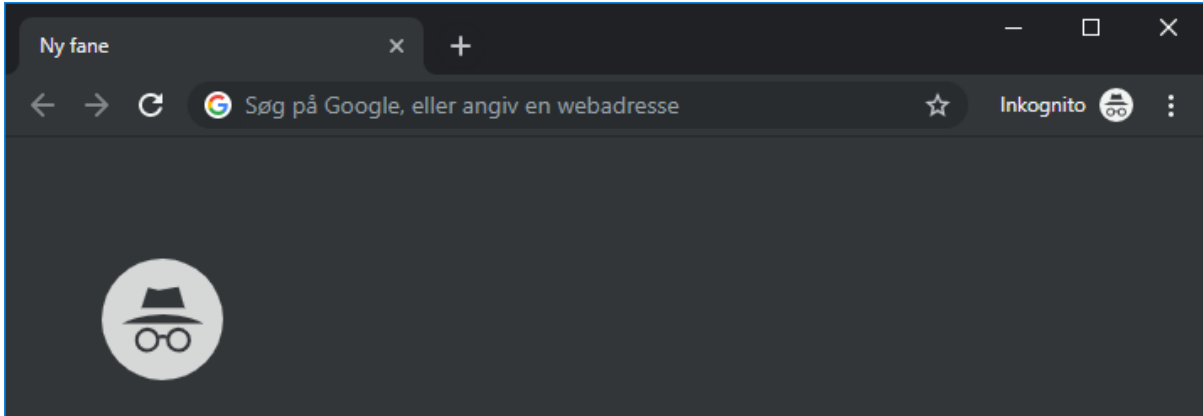
NOTE: Should you have issues with requesting an incognito window, please contact the PT Coordinator (suska@food.dtu.dk) directly.

Open a browser window, click on the three dots (see red circle below) and select: 'New incognito window' (relevant when using Google chrome).





Continue in the black window that looks like this (relevant when using Google chrome):



Access the webtool using this address: <https://genomic-pt.dtu.dk>.



Sign in with one of these accounts

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR GUEST USERS!
The old link is no longer available, use the link "DTU Employees Students and guests" below instead.
Guest DTU users can, if needed, request a new password via this [link](#)

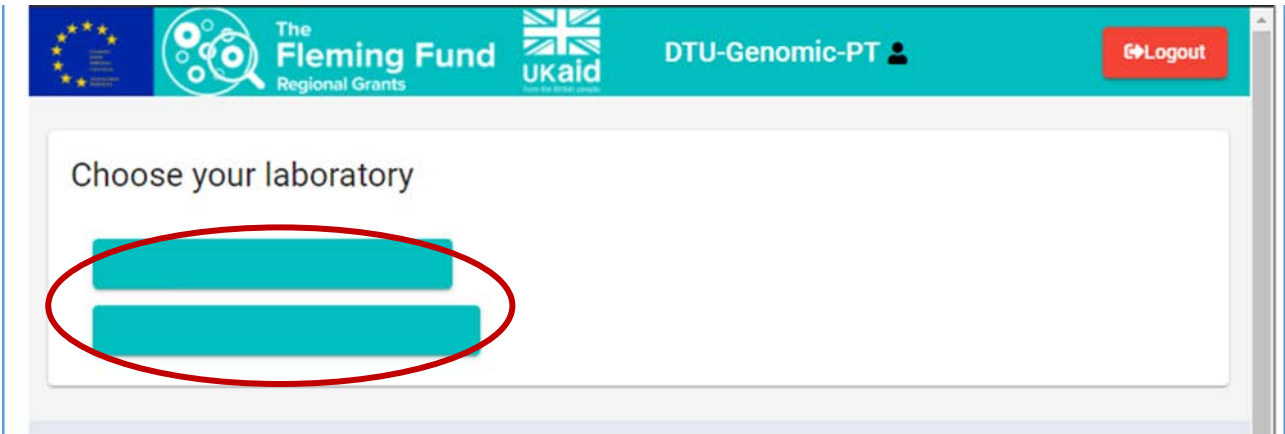


DTU Employees Students and Guests

Select: DTU Employees Students and Guests.

Login to the system by using the username and password sent to you by e-mail for participation in PTs arranged by DTU Food.

After sign in you will reach the *Proficiency Test Overview* page

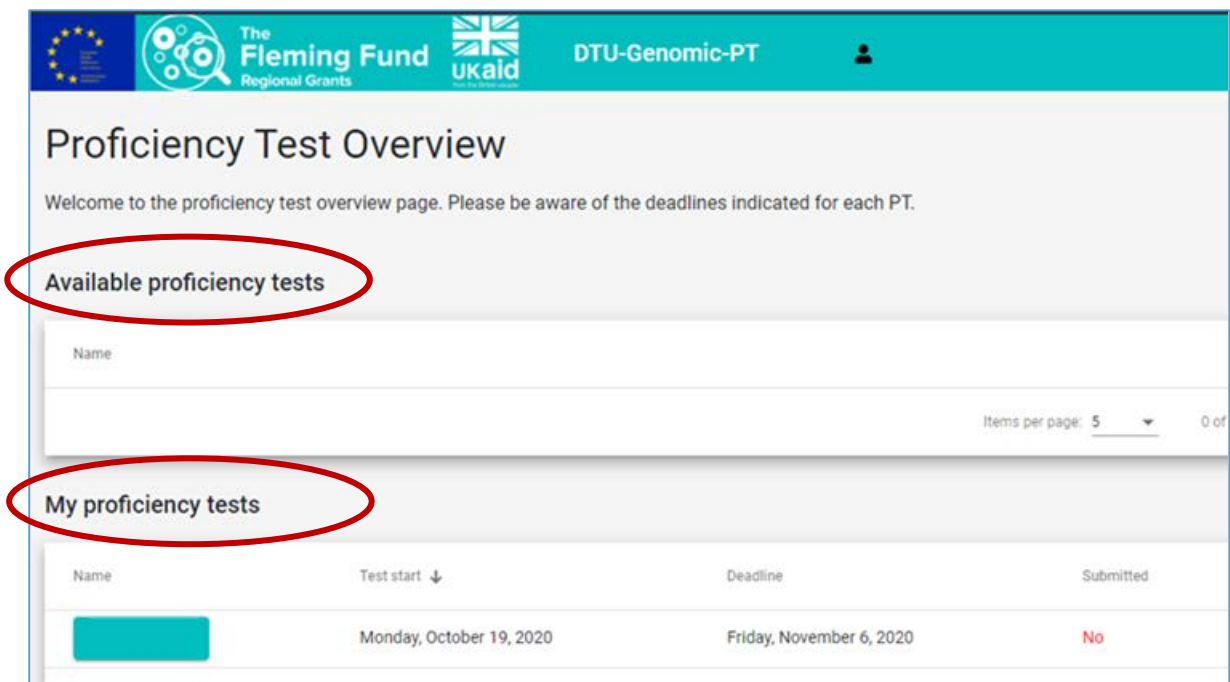


If you are connected to more than one specific laboratory, you will need to select the specific laboratory that you intend to submit results for.

If the window has been inactive for 20 minutes, the webtool will automatically time-out and present 'Access denied'. Access the webtool once again by following the above described login procedure.

⇒ Signup or deselect

Under 'Available proficiency tests', sign-up to the relevant proficiency test. Proficiency tests you signed up to will be listed under 'My proficiency tests'.





⇒ Navigate in the webtool

When reporting results/data in the webtool, various tabs are available:

- 1 **'About' tab.** Enter data regarding the receipt and the storage PT test material. In this tab, with a checkmark, select the test material for which you wish to submit results, i.e. under *Salmonella*, *E. coli* and *Campylobacter*, select each relevant code and material
- 2 **'Method' tab.** Enter data regarding processing of the bacterial cultures, the DNA received, DNA purification, sequencing and sequence analysis
- 3 **'AMR' tab.** Enter data regarding resistance genes, chromosomal mutations and predicted phenotype
- 4 **'MLST' tab.** Enter data regarding sequence type and alleles
- 5 **'Serotype' tab.** For *E. coli*, enter data regarding O- and H-antigens. For *Salmonella*, enter data regarding serogroup and serotype. A serotype tab is not available for *Campylobacter*.

⇒ Enter data

Ad 1. 'About' tab

Respond to the general questions (an asterisk (*) indicates that a response is mandatory to complete the proficiency test) and select the test material that results will be submitted for. If a test material is selected under the 'About' tab, remaining tabs related to this test material will be activated and allows for access to enter results.

Indicate with a checkmark for which test material results are submitted:

Please select the test material you will submit data for

Salmonella

- GENOMIC21-001-DNA
- GENOMIC21-001-BACT
- GENOMIC21-002-DNA
- GENOMIC21-002-BACT

E. coli

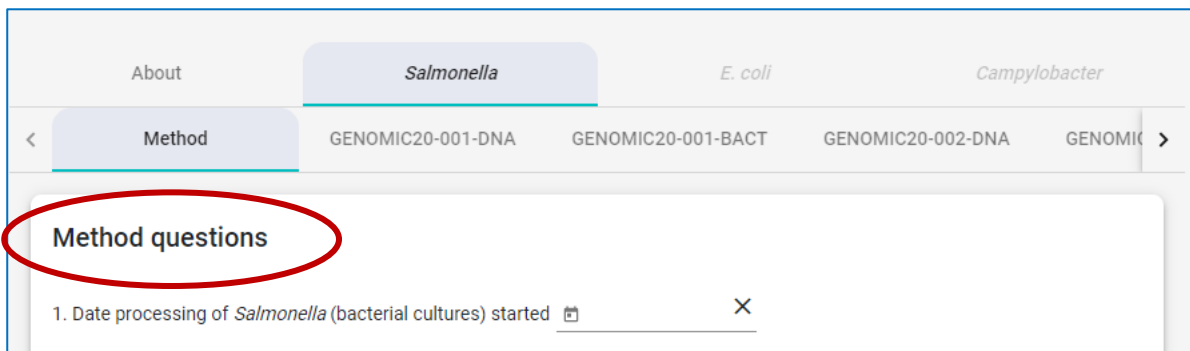
- GENOMIC21-003-DNA



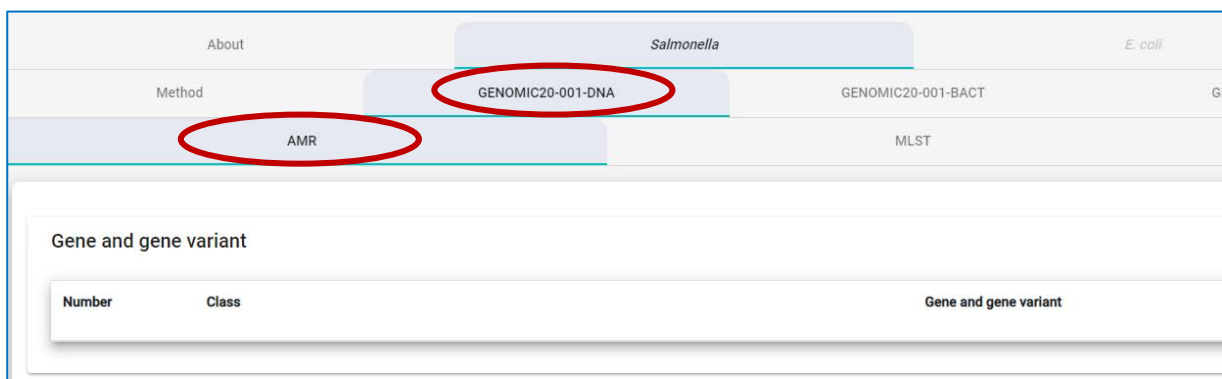
Ad 2. 'Method' tab

For each of the selected test material, respond to the questions in the 'Method' tabs. An asterisk (*) indicates that a response is mandatory to complete the proficiency test. Initially, there are some introductory questions regarding growth conditions and DNA extractions methods. Hereafter, the questions are divided into the following sections:

- For the BACTERIAL CULTURES received
- For the DNA received
- SEQUENCING
- ANALYSIS of sequences
- SUBMITTED datafiles



Select the tab related to one of the test strains (e.g. GENOMIC21-001-DNA). This opens for access to additional tabs.



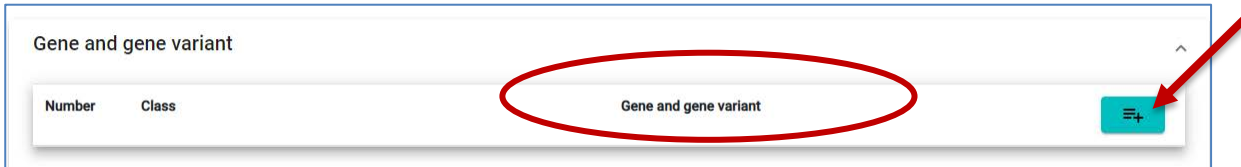
Ad 3. 'AMR' tab:

Under the AMR-tab, results related to 1) identification of antimicrobial resistance genes, 2) chromosomal mutations inducing antimicrobial resistance, 3) upregulated AmpC (relevant for *E. coli*) and 4) identification of the predicted phenotype of the culture/pre-prepared DNA are uploaded.

Submission of AMR results is mandatory and entered results will be evaluated.

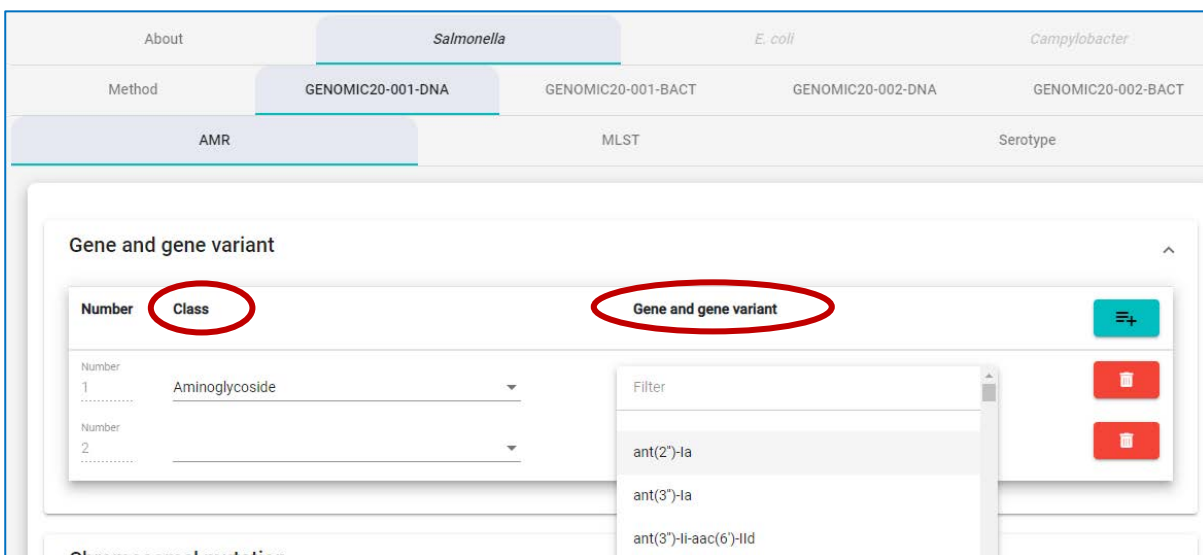


Gene and gene variant: To report genes and gene variants detected in the sequences of the test strains, please click on the '+' (see arrow below) to access dropdown lists.



In the drop down menu under 'Class', select the antimicrobial class of the gene and gene variant you wish to report. Hereafter, from the drop down menu under 'Gene and gene variant', select the specific variant of the antimicrobial resistance gene you wish to report, or, to narrow down the options in the list, type (parts of) the gene variant name in the 'Filter'-field.

Add more lines by clicking on the '+' once again to proceed with submitting further genes and gene variants.



Note #1: Antimicrobial resistance towards a limited number of antimicrobial classes are considered in this PT. Antimicrobial classes represented in the DTU Genomic PT, and consequently in the webtool drop down list are:

Included classes and genes for the AMR component are as presented in Table 1.



Antimicrobial	Class	<i>Salmonella</i>	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Campylobacter</i>
Amikacin	Aminoglycoside	Yes	Yes	
Ampicillin	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Azithromycin	Macrolide	Yes	Yes	
Cefepime	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Cefotaxime	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Cefoxitin	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Ceftazidime	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Chloramphenicol	Amphenicol	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ciprofloxacin	Quinolone	Yes	Yes	Yes
Colistin	Polymyxin	Yes	Yes	
Ertapenem	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	Yes
Erythromycin	Macrolide	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gentamicin	Aminoglycoside	Yes	Yes	Yes
Imipenem	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Kanamycin	Aminoglycoside	Yes	Yes	
Meropenem	Beta-lactam	Yes	Yes	
Nalidixic acid	Quinolone	Yes	Yes	
Rifampicin	Rifamycin	Yes	Yes	
Streptomycin	Aminoglycoside	Yes	Yes	
Sulfamethoxazole	Folate pathway antagonist	Yes	Yes	
Tetracycline	Tetracycline	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tigecycline	Tetracycline	Yes	Yes	
Trimethoprim	Folate pathway antagonist	Yes	Yes	

Table 1: Overview of antimicrobials included for the current PT

All genes conferring resistance to the above-mentioned classes of antimicrobials should be reported, including genes associated with intrinsic resistance.

Some antimicrobial resistance genes are associated with resistance to more than one class of antimicrobials, to select these genes, select a 'Class' containing multiple classes and subsequently select the specific gene and gene variant.

Note that even if the some classes are not the main focus of the current PT, they are represented where an antimicrobial resistance gene available for selection is associated with resistance to multiple classes. Two of these are found under abbreviations, i.e.:

- Quarternary Ammonium Compound: QAC
- Streptogramin: Stg

Note #2: The gene *mdf(A)* is known to have broadspectrum activity and should be disregarded for the purpose of the current proficiency test, i.e. should not be reported.



Ensure that no empty lines are saved for evaluation by clicking on the bin if you by mistake added one too many.

Number	Class	Gene and gene variant	
1	Beta-lactam	blaACC-1	
2			

‘Chromosomal mutations’: In the drop down menu under ‘Class’, select the specific class of antimicrobial followed by the mutated gene you wish to report a chromosomal mutation for. Hereafter, under ‘Chromosomal mutations’, in the empty field named “value”, write the specific mutation as follows:

- 1) Indicate the reference codon (an amino acid letter, or a nucleotide letter for 16S or 23S sequences)
- 2) Indicate the position of the codon (a numeric value)
- 3) Indicate the resistance codon (amino acid letter, or nucleotide for 16S or 23S sequences)

Number	Class	Chromosomal mutations	
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aminoglycoside, 16Spolymyxin, pmrApolymyxin, pmrBQuinolone, gyrAQuinolone, gyrBQuinolone, parC	value	

Example 1: Reporting a mutation in the *pmrA* gene which has changed the amino acid glycine (G) to Leucine (L) at position 15. This results in resistance to colistin that belongs to the polymyxin class of antimicrobials. Therefore, from the drop down list under ‘Class’, select the ‘polymyxin, *pmrA*’ option and write G15L in the ‘value’ field under ‘Chromosomal mutations’.

Number	Class	Chromosomal mutations	
1	polymyxin, pmrA	G15L	



Example 2: If the mutation is in a 16S or a 23S rRNA gene please select the class of antimicrobial and associate gene (e.g. Macrolide, 23S rRNA) from the drop down menu. Hereafter, in the 'value', write the letter of the original reference *nucleotide* (A, T, C or G) and its position, followed by the new nucleotide letter that the mutation has resulted in (e.g. A523C). Same principle as for the amino acids.

Number	Class	Chromosomal mutations
1	Macrolide, 23S rRNA	A523C

Ensure that no empty lines are saved for evaluation by clicking on the bin if you by mistake added one too many.

Number	Class	Chromosomal mutations
1	Quinolone, parE	X11X
2		value

'Upregulated AmpC': For *E. coli*, upregulated AmpC resistance can be reported by selecting the 'Upregulated AmpC' option under the 'AMR' tab. For the 'Upregulated AmpC' option, select 'Beta-lactam' under 'Class' and hereafter, from the drop down menu under 'Upregulated AmpC', select the specific mutations in the promoter region.

The mutations are shown in the same way as previously described for 16S and 23S sequence mutations, i.e. the reference codon is followed by a numeric value, and then followed by the resistance codon (unless the mutation is an insertion). Since the promoter is located upstream to the open reading frame (ORF) a minus (-) is found before the position number. E.g. C-42T (indicating that the nucleotide cytosine (C) has been exchanged with thymine (T)). Regarding insertions, there is no reference nucleotide, therefore, for example, the indication '-13G' represents the nucleotide guanine (G) inserted at position -13 (upstream the ORF).



Upregulated AmpC

Number	Class	Upregulated AmpC	
Number 1	Beta-lactam	Upregulated AmpC: -13GT	
		Upregulated AmpC: -13G	
		Upregulated AmpC: -14GT	

Ensure that no empty lines are saved for evaluation by clicking on the bin if you by mistake added one too many.

Upregulated AmpC

Number	Class	Upregulated AmpC	
Number 1	Beta-lactam	Promotor change: C-42T	
Number 2			

‘Predicted phenotype’: Click on ‘Predicted phenotype’ to select the antimicrobials that the sequence analysis indicates resistance to in the bacterial test strain. Note that in relation to predicted phenotype, antimicrobial resistance towards a limited number of antimicrobials are considered in this PT. Antimicrobials represented in the DTU Genomic PT are presented in Table 1.

‘Comment’: Any comments related to the submission of the results are welcome. You may for example indicate mutations that have unknown effect on antimicrobial resistance. Note, however, that these results will *not* be further evaluated.

Predicted phenotype

Comment (FYI: this field is intended for allowing participants to capture any additional internal comments, i.e. any)

Save



Ad 4. 'MLST' tab

Enter data regarding sequence type and alleles. Submission of MLST results (MLST type and corresponding allele numbers) are mandatory.

Ad 5. 'Serotype' tab

For *E. coli*, in the dropdown-menu, select the relevant O- and H-antigens, independently. For *Salmonella*, in the dropdown-menu, select the relevant serogroup and subsequently select the relevant serotype. A serotype tab is not available for *Campylobacter*. Submission of serotype results is optional.

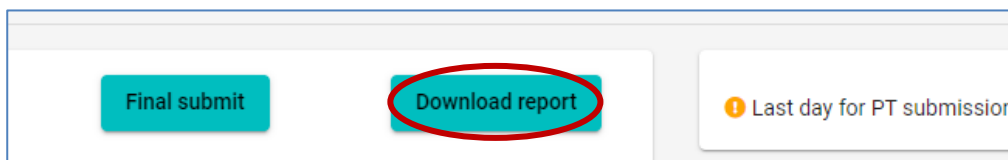
⇒ Save data

Data are saved when you click the *save* button on each page.

Moreover, data are saved when you navigate to another tab.

⇒ Review and revise data

On the *Proficiency Test Overview* page as well as in the *Test overview page*, click 'Download report' to see the overview of your results and method input for this PT.



Before you have finally submitted your results (and before deadline), the database allows you to return to any testform and revise values.

⇒ Submit data

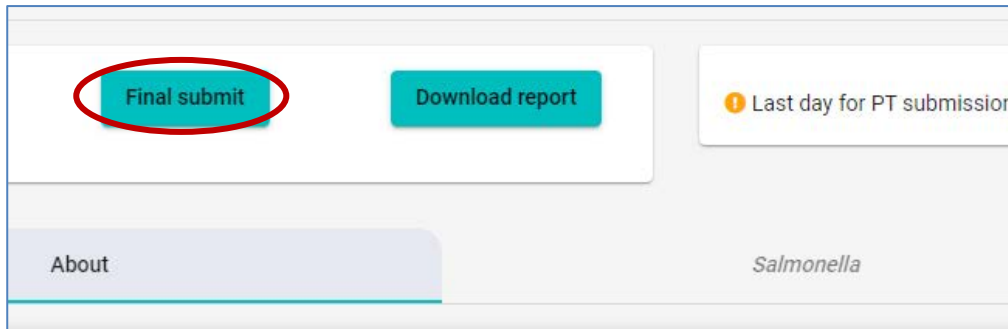
For all organisms of the DTU Genomic PT 2021, all uploaded data are submitted in one go.

When all information and data have been entered and revised for i) the method, and, ii) all three test organisms, please indicate with a checkmark your acceptance that the uploaded data are ready for submission.



IMPORTANT! You will **NOT** be able to edit your data after final submission.

Click on 'Final Submit'



When you have finally submitted, the *Proficiency Test Overview* page will indicate the submission status of your Proficiency Test to be 'Yes'

⇒ Evaluation and score

Antimicrobial resistance genes, chromosomal mutations (inducing antimicrobial resistance) and moreover – for *E.coli* only – upregulated AmpC identified and reported under a given test strain genome, will be compared to the analysis results based on the respective reference genome. If the obtained and expected results match, a score of '1' will be obtained whereas a mismatch or no-result is scored with '0'.

Similarly, reported predicted phenotypes of the culture/pre-prepared DNA will be evaluated, i.e. if the obtained and expected predicted phenotype matches, a score of '1' will be obtained whereas a mismatch or no-result is scored with '0'.

The reported Multi-locus sequence type (MLST) will be compared to the MLST of the reference genome. A match of the obtained and expected MLST is scored with '1'. A mismatch or no-result is scored with '0'.

The reported O- and H-antigens (*E. coli*) as well as serogroups and -types (*Salmonella*) will be compared to the O- and H-antigens or serogroup and -type of the reference genome, respectively. A match of the obtained and expected O- and H-antigens or serogroup and serotype is scored with '1'. A mismatch is scored with '0'.

When the score is released and the evaluation reports are accessible, all participating laboratories will receive an email message from the PT organizer. Upon login to the database, clicking on '*Download report*' will give access to the report presenting obtained results, expected results and scores.



⇒ Support

Should you need support in using the webtool, please do not hesitate to contact the PT Coordinator (suska@food.dtu.dk).

See also the top right corner of all pages in the webtool to find the name and email address for the PT organizer. Find also link to the DTU Genomic PT website (to access the relevant PT protocol) as well as access to the current webtool manual.

Support

PT Organiser: Susanne Karlslose Pedersen (suska@food.dtu.dk)

[Link to access the PT website](#)

[DTU Genomic PT guideline](#)



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Appendix 3

Testforms – overview of method information and results to be submitted via the webtool

With these testforms we invite you to obtain an overview of the data that must/may be submitted to the webtool.

You will find questions in relation to:

1. Sample storage and preprocessing
2. Bacterial Culture; DNA Isolation, Handling and Processing
3. Received DNA; Handling and Processing
4. Sequencing
5. Analysis of sequences; MLST, Serotyping and antimicrobial resistance genes
6. Submitted datafiles

Below, you find questions divided between sections entitled 'About' and 'Method'. In the webtool, the 'About' section has one tab covering all three organisms, whereas the 'Method'-section has a tab for each organism. Therefore, you will find three 'Method' tabs in the webtool and you would need to upload information in each of these, *i.e.* once per organism that you wish to submit results for.

Note: An asterisk (*) indicates a question that requires an answer.

ABOUT

Sample storage and preprocessing

- 1) Date parcel with PT-material was received*:
[DD/MM/YYYY]
- 2) Storage conditions of the bacterial cultures in the time between reception and processing (please select one answer)*:
 - -80°C
 - -20°C
 - 4°C
 - Room temperature
 - No storage time
 - OtherIf other, please define:



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- 3) Storage conditions of the DNA in the time between reception and processing (please select one answer)*:
- -80°C
 - -20°C
 - 4°C
 - Room temperature
 - No storage time
 - Other
- If other, please define

METHOD

Note that response to the questions in the 'Method' section below will be requested for each of the organisms that you wish to submit results for.

1. Date processing of bacterial cultures started
2. Date processing of bacterial cultures was completed
3. Date processing of DNA started
4. Date processing of DNA was completed (sequence data submitted)
5. How were the bacterial cultures cultivated*:
 - 5.1. Type of agar media/liquid broth:
 - 5.2. Incubation time (hours):
 - 5.3. Incubation temperature (°C):
6. Which DNA extraction procedure was applied. Indicate here also how much water/buffer is added in case there are modifications to the (kit) protocol (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:
 - 6.1. If manual extraction; kit used, full name:
 - 6.2. If manual extraction; catalogue number of kit:



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6.3. If manual extraction, modifications to kit protocol:

6.4. If automatic extraction; robot used:

6.5. If automatic extraction; specific protocol:

6.6. If automatic extraction; modifications to protocol:

Bacterial Culture; DNA Isolation, Handling and Processing

7. For bacterial cultures, how was the DNA concentration (ng/μl) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer)*

- Qubit
- Nanodrop
- DNA concentration not measured
- Other

If other, please define

8. Measurement of DNA concentration (ng/μl) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received)*

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

9. Measurement of the total DNA amount (microgram) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received) (not mandatory)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:



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10. For bacterial cultures, how was the DNA quality (e.g. 260/280 ratio and/or 260/230 ratio) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer) (not mandatory)

- Bioanalyser
- Nanodrop
- DNA quality not measured
- Other

If other, please define

11. If relevant, following your response to the previous question, measurement of DNA quality (e.g. Bioanalyser, 260/280 ratio, other) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

12. If relevant, measurement of DNA quality (260/230 ratio) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received) (not mandatory)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

Received DNA; Handling and Processing

13. For DNA received, how was the DNA concentration (ng/μl) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer)*

- Qubit
- Nanodrop
- DNA concentration not measured
- Other

If other, please define



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14. Measurement of the DNA concentration (ng/ μ l) for each test strain (for the DNA received) *

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

15. Measurement of the total DNA amount (microgram) for each test strain (for the DNA received) (not mandatory)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

16. For (DNA received), how was the DNA quality (e.g. 260/280 ratio and/or 260/230 ratio) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer) (not mandatory)

- Bioanalyser
- Nanodrop
- DNA quality not measured
- Other

If other, please define

17. If relevant, following your response to the previous question, measurement of DNA quality (e.g. Bioanalyser, 260/280 ratio, other) for each test strain (for DNA received)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

18. If relevant, measurement of DNA quality (260/230 ratio) for each test strain (for DNA received) (not mandatory)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:



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For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:
For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:
For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

19. Did you perform quality check to verify the quality of the DNA on a gel (yes/no) (see description in the protocol of this optional check)

For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:
For *Salmonella*, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:
For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:
For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:
For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:
For *Campylobacter*, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

SEQUENCING

20. Which protocol was used to prepare the sample library for sequencing? For commercial kits please provide the full kit name, item number, and lot number if possible. For noncommercial kits please provide a citation for the protocol, or submit a summary of the protocol. Please note any deviations from the kit or cited protocol (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:

- 20.1. For commercial kits; full kit name:
- 20.2. For commercial kits; catalogue number:
- 20.3. For commercial kits; lot number:
- 20.4. For noncommercial kits; citation for the protocol:
- 20.5. For noncommercial kits; summary of the protocol:
- 20.6. Deviations from the kit or cited protocol

21. For (organism *x*, e.g. *Salmonella*), please indicate the sequencing platform you used in the proficiency test (please select one answer)*

- ABI SOLiD
- Genome Analyzer Ix
- Genome Sequencer FLX System (454)
- Genome Sequencer FLX+ System (454)
- Genome Sequencer Junior System (454)
- HiScanSQ
- HiSeq 1000
- HiSeq 1500
- HiSeq 2000
- HiSeq 2500



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- HiSeq 4000
- HiSeq X
- Ion Torrent PGM
- Ion Torrent Proton
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-G400
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-G50
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-T7
- MiniSeq
- MiSeq
- MiSeq Dx
- MiSeq FGx
- NextSeq
- NovaSeq 6000
- other

If other, please define

22. Sequencing details:

For the sequencing, the read length (bp) was set to be (expected read length)

23. Reads trimmed before upload (please select one answer)*

[Note; this question refers to trimming performed actively by the participant (*i.e.* trimming performed automatically by your sequencing machine is not relevant for this question).

Ideally, no trimming should be performed.

As part of the analysis of the sequences subsequent to the deadline of the PT, trimming will be performed by application of the same tool for all submitted sequences.

Should trimming be an integrated part of your sequencing process (disregarding possible automatic trimming by your sequencing machine), please indicate with 'yes' to this question]

- Yes
- No

24. If trimmed, which tool was applied (in the following text field, please insert name and URL/link (if possible))

25. For the analysis of the sequences from the bacterial cultures and the corresponding DNA in the proficiency test, assembly is not required. If, however, you were to assemble your sequences, which assembly tool would you apply?

Please insert name and URL (*e.g.* Velvet, <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/~zerbino/velvet/>, open access)



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ANALYSIS of sequences

26. If any, which method was used to characterize or differentiate isolates (please select all that apply)?*

- MLST
- Allele-based
- Gene-by-gene-based
- SNP-based
- None

If other, please define

27. For determining the MLST-type of the sequenced DNA, how was the analysis performed (please select one answer)?*

- MLST-analysis was performed on raw reads
- MLST-analysis was performed on contigs
- MLST-analysis was not performed

28. For determining antimicrobial resistance (AMR) genes present in the sequenced DNA, how was the analysis performed (please select one answer)?*

- Analysis for AMR-genes was performed on raw reads
- Analysis for AMR-genes was performed on contigs
- Analysis for AMR-genes was not performed

29. For the detection of the Multi Locus Sequence Type, which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (e.g. MLST 1.7 (MultiLocus Sequence Typing), <http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/MLST/>, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:

30. For the detection of the resistance genes harboured in the sequences, which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (e.g. ResFinder, <http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/ResFinder/>, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:

31. For the detection of serogroup/serotype (not relevant for *Campylobacter*), which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (e.g. ResFinder, <http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/ResFinder/>, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant):



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SUBMITTED datafiles

32. Have the fastq-files (obtained non-assembled sequence data, file names as indicated in the protocol) been uploaded to the ScienceData-folder for bacterial cultures and DNA following the description in the PT-protocol? Please confirm by ticking off the response field* (yes/no)