







PROTOCOL for DTU Genomic Proficiency Test 2021

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1 OVERVIEW AND OBJECTIVES

The DTU Genomic proficiency test (PT) 2021, consists of two general parts:

- 1a. DNA extraction, purification, library-preparation, and whole genome sequencing (WGS) from **live cultures**
- 1b. WGS of pre-prepared DNA

NB: Please pay careful attention to instructions regarding the format and naming of results files submitted

The main **objective** of this proficiency test is to quantify differences among laboratories in order to facilitate the development of reliable laboratory results of consistently good quality within the area of DNA preparation, sequencing, and analysis (*e.g.* detection of antimicrobial resistance (AMR) genes, MLST, serotype). This ensures that the discrepancies and differences among laboratories are known and will contribute to the standardization of WGS and data analysis, with the aim to produce comparable data for the monitoring and research purposes.

The DTU Genomic PT 2021 is coordinated by the National Food Institute, Denmark and funded by the Fleming Fund (SEQAFRICA Regional Grant; the Fleming Fund is a £265 million UK aid investment to tackle antimicrobial resistance in low- and middle-income countries around the world. The programme is managed by the UK Department of Health and Social Care, in partnership with Mott MacDonald, the Fleming Fund Grants Management Agent), the EU Commission (via the EU Reference Laboratory for Antimicrobial Resistance), and supported by funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme under grant agreement No 773830: One Health European Joint Programme.

2 INTRODUCTION

The proficiency test programme focuses on *Salmonella enterica*, *Escherichia coli*, *Campylobacter coli*/*Campylobacter jejuni* and allows for sign-up for each organism, separately. Note that item 1a and item 1b are parallel; *i.e.* when signing up for 1a for one organism, the participation in 1b is also expected.

The two items consist of

- 1a) DNA extraction, purification, library-preparation, and WGS of six bacterial cultures: two *Salmonella enterica* strains, two *E. coli* strains and two *Campylobacter* strains.
- 1b) WGS of pre-prepared DNA of the same six bacterial strains mentioned in clause 1a.









Institutes/organizations that signed up to participate will receive the PT-material (cultures/pre-prepared DNA) according to the registered sign-up information.

For the test strains that are analysed, participants will be requested to submit the data and test results for evaluation listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Data/test results requested for submission

| | Type of data/test results | |
|---|---|--------------|
| 1 | Upload reads of the sequenced culture/pre-prepared | Mandatory |
| | DNA to ScienceData (FASTQ-files) | ivialidatory |
| 2 | Details in relation to received test material | Mandatory |
| 3 | Details in relation to sequencing and analysis method | Mandatory |
| 4 | Identification of the Multi Locus Sequence Type (MLST) | Mandatory |
| | of the sequenced culture/pre-prepared DNA | |
| 5 | Identification of antimicrobial resistance genes, | |
| | chromosomal mutations inducing antimicrobial | |
| | resistance, upregulated AmpC (relevant for E. coli) and | Mandatory |
| | subsequently identification of the predicted phenotype | |
| | of the culture/pre-prepared DNA). | |
| 6 | Identification of serogroup/serotype (relevant for | Ontional |
| | Salmonella and E. coli) | Optional |

3 OUTLINE OF THE DTU GENOMIC PT 2021

3.1 Shipping, receipt and storage of bacterial strains

In October 2021, laboratories located in Europe (members of the EURL-AR-network and EJP CARE partners) and in Africa (SEQAFRICA partners), will receive a parcel containing two strains of *Salmonella enterica*, two strains of *Escherichia coli*, as well as two *Campylobacter* strains together with corresponding pre-prepared DNA (contents of the parcel will correspond to the registered sign-up information). All bacterial strains and DNA are shipped as UN3373, Biological substance category B.

Please confirm receipt of the parcel through the confirmation form enclosed in the shipment

The *Salmonella* and *E. coli* strains are shipped as swabs (Amies agar gel with charcoal; Copan TransystemTM) whereas the *Campylobacter* strains are shipped as charcoal swabs (Stuarts Transportmedium).

On arrival of the parcel to the laboratory, open the parcel to confirm the contents are as listed in the cover letter.









Upon receipt, store the swab cultures (bacterial cultures) at 5-25°C until microbial analysis. We suggest that you sub-culture and prepare the cultures for storage in your strain collection (*e.g.* in a -80°C freezer) within 48 hours from reception of the parcel.

You will receive the pre-prepared DNA as dried samples. Upon receipt, either rehydrate your sample (please see further details under 3.3.2 Item 1b; DNA) and store the <u>liquid</u> samples at room temperature in closed tubes to prevent evaporation, or store the <u>dried</u> samples in

- (a) A dry storage cabinet at room temperature (15-25°C), or
- (b) A heat-sealed, moisture-barrier bag along with a silica gel desiccant pack, or
- (c) If sequencing of the samples is planned within the first 10 days of arrival of the shipment, you may store the dried samples in the zip-lock bag in which they arrived along with the silica gel desiccant pack. If moisture starts to appear, the desiccant pack must be changed.

3.2 Technologies covered

Paired end sequence reads must be submitted for analysis.

Assessment of single end sequence reads or long reads sequences (e.g., ONP) is not offered as part of the present PT. For single end sequence reads, this due to the fact that the analysis and assessment of the submitted sequences includes parameters that cannot be evaluated for FASTQ files containing single end reads (Q-score R2 average quality reverse and average insert size) thus analysis of such FASTQ files will not be able to reach a 100 % performance level. For long reads sequences, the reason for the DTU Genomic PT 2021 not including this technology is that currently the analysis pipeline applied is not applicable for handling long reads sequences.

3.3 Supplied test material

3.3.1 Item 1a; Bacterial cultures

The bacterial cultures supplied have been sequenced multiple times and the genomes have been closed.

The PT-organizers therefore encourage participants to subculture and prepare the bacterial cultures for storage in your strain collection (*e.g.* in a -80°C freezer) with the purpose of future internal quality control and to serve as reference if discrepancies are detected during the testing (*e.g.* they can be used to detect errors such as mislabelling or contamination).









3.3.2 Item 1b; DNA

Each vial of the supplied pre-prepared DNA contains a minimum of 2 μg DNA.

Before use, the supplied DNA should be rehydrated. Add $60 - 100 \,\mu$ l nuclease free water or aqueous buffer to the dried DNA. Incubate the tubes at room temperature for 15 minutes to allow complete hydration. Gently mix the sample by pipetting, to re-suspend the sample. The rehydrated DNA can now be used directly in downstream application.

Unused rehydrated sample can be stored for up to one month at 4 degrees or room temperature, or longterm at -80°C, if available, otherwise at -20°C.

Optional: The quality of the rehydrated DNA can be checked and visualized by agarose gel electrophoresis. The amount of DNA supplied in each tube is sufficient to run a small fraction on a gel.

3.4 Procedure and analysis of test material

3.4.1 Item 1a and 1b; Bacterial cultures and DNA

Subculture the bacterial strains on a growth medium relevant for the organism in question and incubate. Following incubation and assessment of purity of the bacterial cultures, perform DNA extraction and WGS according to the laboratory's standard procedure.

For the pre-prepared DNA received, perform WGS according to the laboratory's standard procedure.

While handling both bacterial cultures and pre-prepared DNA (items 1a and 1b), register relevant information. For this purpose, Appendix 3 (testforms) gives an overview of the requested data (information and results) relevant to the sequencing and the analysis of the sequences, whereas Appendix 2 (manual for the webtool) presents the information on how to access the webtool and the procedure for submission of data.

4 RESULTS SUBMISSION

For results submission, both transferring FASTQ-files to a filefolder on ScienceData and submission of data via the DTU Genomic PT webtool is relevant.









4.1 Using ScienceData to transfer FASTQ-files

For submission of sequencing results (FASTQ-files), the ScienceData data platform will be used. Via the cover letter, each participant is informed about their individual credentials to login to the ScienceData data platform. The cover letter is included as a hardcopy with the shipment of the PT material and also forwarded as a pdf document by email to the PT contact persons.

When you have transferred your files, please check the size of the files in ScienceData to confirm that they correspond to the expected file sizes. For detailed information on how to transfer files, please consult Appendix 1.

4.2 Submission of sequence files

Before submission of the FASTQ-files, rename them to match corresponding samples as follows: files related to GENOMIC21-003-BACT should be called 2021-XX_GENOMIC21-003-BACT_R1.fastq.gz and 2021-XX_GENOMIC21-003-BACT_R2.fastq.gz, where 2021-XX refers to the laboratory number you have been given as a participant in the current proficiency test. You find your individual laboratory number (LabID) at the top of your cover letter.

Transfer FASTQ-files related to item 1a and 1b to ScienceData. Files available in your ScienceData-folder by the submission deadline are considered for evaluation. Subsequently, pre-screening steps will be performed to check the sequence file format (FASTQ) and file name (as described above). If the file format and file name are not compatible with the submission guideline, the file will be excluded from further analysis.

4.3 Submission of method information and results from the sequence analysis

Details in relation to submission of method information and results from the sequence analysis (see also Table 1) via the webtool are described in Appendix 2. Test forms that present an overview for recording your results before you enter them into the web tool are available in Appendix 3. This is relevant for:

- Details in relation to received test material (mandatory).
- Details in relation to sequencing and analysis method (mandatory).
- Identification of the Multi Locus Sequence Type (MLST) of the sequenced culture and preprepared DNA (mandatory).
- Identification of antimicrobial resistance genes, chromosomal mutations inducing antimicrobial resistance, upregulated AmpC (relevant for *E. coli*) and subsequently identification of the predicted phenotype of the culture/pre-prepared DNA) (mandatory).
- Identification of serogroup/serotype (relevant for Salmonella and E. coli) (optional).









For results related to antimicrobial resistance, note that the analysis might require collaboration between a bioinformatician and a microbiologist with knowledge within the field of antimicrobial resistance.

4.4 Deadline for submission of results

Submission is successful after ticking off the 'final submit' in the webtool (see webtool manual, Appendix 2). Following 'final submit', the primary and secondary contact person receives and email with the submitted results as an attachment. Results must be submitted electronically **no later than 21 December 2021**. Immediately after this date, the webtool will be closed for further edits and submission. Delayed submission of results will not be accepted.

5 HOW TO SUBMIT RESULTS VIA THE WEBTOOL

The webtool manual (Appendix 2) presents the procedure of submission in detail and we recommend to read it carefully the before submitting your results (method details and results from the analysis of the obtained sequences).

Access the webtool using this URL: https://genomic-pt.dtu.dk.

When you submit your results, remember to have by your side the completed test forms (Appendix 3).

Do not hesitate to contact us if you experience difficulties with the webtool.

Before finally submitting your input for the DTU Genomic PT 2021, please ensure that you have filled in all the relevant fields as **you can only 'finally submit' once!** 'Final submit' blocks data entry.

⇒ About login to the webtool:

When first given access to login to the webtool, your **personal loginID** and **password** were sent to you by email. This is relevant for two email addresses connected to each participating laboratory. The PT organizers have defined a primary and a secondary contact based on the contact persons registered at the sign-up.

Note that:

a) If the PT organizers has only one contact person for a participating laboratory, this person is registered both as primary and secondary contact. Should you like to add another person as the secondary contact, please contact suska@food.dtu.dk









b) If your laboratory has registered two or more contact points, two have been defined as the primary and secondary contact. Should you like to make changes to the primary and secondary contact or should you like more than the two persons to be able to access the webtool, please contact suska@food.dtu.dk.

6 RESULTS EVALUATION

6.1 Submitted sequences

For both bacterial cultures and pre-prepared DNA (items 1a and 1b), the evaluation will be based on the submitted sequence data (FASTQ-files) which will be assembled using SPAdes [http://bioinf.spbau.ru/spades] and run through a QC pipeline by the PT-organizers. The output from the QC analysis are collected in two tables: a summarizing scoring table and an elaborating QC parameter table. The QC parameter table contains the specific values from the QC analysis, including (but not limited to) number of reads, coverage, depth of coverage, number of contigs and N50. The scoring table sums up the general performance of each sample based on the following criteria: average coverage, average insert size, MLST type, Q-score of R1, Q-score of R2 and size of the assembled genome compared to the reference genome.

When receiving the results evaluation, each participant is asked to assess their own performance and consider whether the obtained results should lead to adjustments internally, considering their handling of bacterial strains and/or DNA sequencing.

Output from the QC pipeline will be evaluated by the PT-organizers to identify underperformance, based on outlying results.

6.2 Submitted method details and results from the analysis of the obtained sequences

After the submission deadline, when all participants have uploaded results, you will be able to login to the webtool once again to view and print an automatically generated report evaluating your results. Results submitted to the webtool are evaluated automatically and upon deadline, an evaluation report may be extracted.

Evaluation criteria relevant to the submitted results are presented in the webtool manual (see Appendix 2).

Details in relation to received test material and in relation to sequencing and analysis method will be used as background for the analysis.









6.3 Analysis and publication of results

Each participating laboratory will receive an individual summary of the obtained performance, moreover, an overall report summarizing the results will be published and possibly subsequently in a peer-reviewed publication. Authors and co-authors of the publications will be those who have contributed to the preparation and execution of the proficiency test. Due to the anonymity of results, the individual participating laboratories will not be acknowledged in the publications.

Individual results will be anonymized using laboratory codes which are confidential and known only to the individual laboratory and the PT-organizers. For laboratories related to the Fleming Fund grant, SEQAFRICA, the complete list of laboratory codes are known to the project management team, Mott MacDonald and the Fleming Fund, for laboratories participating as part of the EURL-AR network, the complete list of laboratory codes are known to the EU Commission, and for laboratories in the EJP CARE network, the complete list of laboratory codes will be known to the coordinators of the current PT (WP1).

We are looking forward to receiving your results.

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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PROTOCOL for DTU Genomic Proficiency Test, 2021 - APPENDICES

- **Appendix 1** Using ScienceData to transfer files
- Appendix 2 DTU Genomic PT webtool guideline

 pending to be included as soon as the webtool has gone through internal quality
 control and has been approved for user access
- **Appendix 3** Testforms overview of method information and results to be submitted via the webtool









Appendix 1

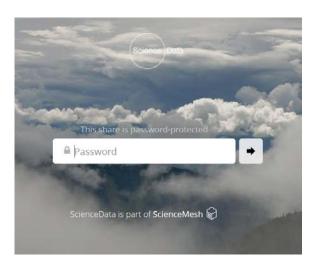
Using ScienceData to transfer files

ScienceData is a cloud based storage data platform built and operated by the Technical University of Denmark (DTU).

Obtain access to the platform by using the link and login code provided by to you in the cover letter included as a hardcopy with the shipment of the PT material and also forwarded as a pdf document by email to the PT contact persons.

<u>Uploading files to the ScienceData platform</u>:

1. Click on the link provided by the proficiency test organizer and find the following image:



2. Type in the password provided by the proficiency test organizer and see following image:



Nothing in here. Upload something!

- 3. Click on the blue "Upload" button to choose and upload your files.
- 4. Confirm that the size of the transferred files correspond to the expected file sizes.









Appendix 2

Guideline for submission of results via webtool

When the webtool has gone through internal quality control and has been approved for user access, the webtool manual will be added as Appendix 2 to this protocol.









Appendix 3

Testforms – overview of method information and results to be submitted via the webtool

With these testforms we invite you to obtain an overview of the data that must/may be submitted to the webtool.

You will find questions in relation to:

- 1. Sample storage and preprocessing
- 2. Bacterial Culture; DNA Isolation, Handling and Processing
- 3. Received DNA; Handling and Processing
- 4. Sequencing
- 5. Analysis of sequences; MLST, Serotyping and antimicrobial resistance genes
- 6. Submitted datafiles

Below, you find questions divided between sections entitled 'About' and 'Method'. In the webtool, the 'About' section has one tab covering all three organisms, whereas the 'Method'-section has a tab for each organism. Therefore, you will find three 'Method' tabs in the webtool and you would need to upload information in each of these, *i.e.* once per organism that you wish to submit results for.

Note: An asterisk (*) indicates a question that requires an answer.

ABOUT

Sample storage and preprocessing

- Date parcel with PT-material was received*: [DD/MM/YYYY]
- 2) Storage conditions of the bacterial cultures in the time between reception and processing (please select one answer)*:
 - -80°C
 - -20°C
 - 4°C
 - Room temperature
 - No storage time
 - Other

If other, please define:









- 3) Storage conditions of the DNA in the time between reception and processing (please select one answer)*:
 - -80°C
 - -20°C
 - 4°C
 - Room temperature
 - No storage time
 - Other

If other, please define

METHOD

Note that response to the questions in the 'Method' section below will be requested for each of the organisms that you wish to submit results for.

- 1. Date processing of bacterial cultures started
- 2. Date processing of bacterial cultures was completed
- 3. Date processing of DNA started
- 4. Date processing of DNA was completed (sequence data submitted)
- 5. How were the bacterial cultures cultivated*:
 - 5.1. Type of agar media/liquid broth:
 - 5.2. Incubation time (hours):
 - 5.3. Incubation temperature (°C):
- 6. Which DNA extraction procedure was applied. Indicate here also how much water/buffer is added in case there are modifications to the (kit) protocol (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:
 - 6.1. If manual extraction; kit used, full name:
 - 6.2. If manual extraction; catalogue number of kit:









- 6.3. If manual extraction, modifications to kit protocol:
- 6.4. If automatic extraction; robot used:
- 6.5. If automatic extraction; specific protocol:
- 6.6. If automatic extraction; modifications to protocol:

Bacterial Culture; DNA Isolation, Handling and Processing

- 7. For bacterial cultures, how was the DNA concentration (ng/ μ l) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer)*
 - Qubit
 - Nanodrop
 - DNA concentration not measured
 - Other

If other, please define

8. Measurement of DNA concentration (ng/ μ l) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received)*

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

9. Measurement of the total DNA amount (microgram) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received) (not mandatory)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:









- 10. For bacterial cultures, how was the DNA quality (e.g. 260/280 ratio and/or 260/230 ratio) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer) (not mandatory)
 - Bioanalyser
 - Nanodrop
 - DNA quality not measured
 - Other

If other, please define

11. If relevant, following your response to the previous question, measurement of DNA quality (e.g. Bioanalyser, 260/280 ratio, other) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

12. If relevant, measurement of DNA quality (260/230 ratio) for each test strain (bacterial cultures received) (not mandatory)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-BACT:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-BACT:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-BACT:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-BACT:

Received DNA; Handling and Processing

- 13. For DNA received, how was the DNA concentration (ng/ μ l) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer)*
 - Qubit
 - Nanodrop
 - DNA concentration not measured
 - Other

If other, please define









14. Measurement of the DNA concentration (ng/ μ l) for each test strain (for the DNA received) *

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

15. Measurement of the total DNA amount (microgram) for each test strain (for the DNA received) (not mandatory)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

16. For (DNA received), how was the DNA quality (e.g. 260/280 ratio and/or 260/230 ratio) prior to library preparation measured (please select one answer) (not mandatory)

- Bioanalyser
- Nanodrop
- DNA quality not measured
- Other

If other, please define

17. If relevant, following your response to the previous question, measurement of DNA quality (e.g. Bioanalyser, 260/280 ratio, other) for each test strain (for DNA received)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

18. If relevant, measurement of DNA quality (260/230 ratio) for each test strain (for DNA received) (not mandatory)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For *E. coli*, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:









For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

19. Did you perform quality check to verify the quality of the DNA on a gel (yes/no) (see description in the protocol of this optional check)

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-001-DNA:

For Salmonella, GENOMIC21-002-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-003-DNA:

For E. coli, GENOMIC21-004-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-005-DNA:

For Campylobacter, GENOMIC21-006-DNA:

SEQUENCING

- 20. Which protocol was used to prepare the sample library for sequencing? For commercial kits please provide the full kit name, item number, and lot number if possible. For noncommercial kits please provide a citation for the protocol, or submit a summary of the protocol. Please note any deviations from the kit or cited protocol (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:
 - 20.1. For commercial kits; full kit name:
 - 20.2. For commercial kits; catalogue number:
 - 20.3. For commercial kits; lot number:
 - 20.4. For noncommercial kits; citation for the protocol:
 - 20.5. For noncommercial kits; summary of the protocol:
 - 20.6. Deviations from the kit or cited protocol
- 21. For (organism x, e.g *Salmonella*), please indicate the sequencing platform you used in the proficiency test (please select one answer)*
 - ABI SOLID
 - Genome Analyzer lix
 - Genome Sequencer FLX System (454)
 - Genome Sequencer FLX+ System (454)
 - Genome Sequencer Junior System (454)
 - HiScanSQ
 - HiSeq 1000
 - HISeq 1500
 - HiSeq 2000
 - HiSeq 2500









- HiSeq 4000
- HiSeq X
- Ion Torrent PGM
- Ion Torrent Proton
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-G400
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-G50
- MGI Sequencer DNBSEQ-T7
- MiniSeq
- MiSeq
- MiSeq Dx
- MiSeq FGx
- NextSeq
- NovaSeq 6000
- other

If other, please define

22. Sequencing details:

For the sequencing, the read length (bp) was set to be (expected read length)

23. Reads trimmed before upload (please select one answer)*

[**Note**; this question refers to trimming performed actively by the participant (*i.e.* trimming performed automatically by your sequencing machine is not relevant for this question). Ideally, no trimming should be performed.

As part of the analysis of the sequences subsequent to the deadline of the PT, trimming will be performed by application of the same tool for all submitted sequences.

Should trimming be an integrated part of your sequencing process (disregarding possible automatic trimming by your sequencing machine), please indicate with 'yes' to this question]

- Yes
- No
- 24. If trimmed, which tool was applied (in the following text field, please insert name and URL/link (if possible))
- 25. For the analysis of the sequences from the bacterial cultures and the corresponding DNA in the proficiency test, assembly is not required. If, however, you were to assemble your sequences, which assembly tool would you apply?

 Please insert name and URL (e.g. Velvet, https://www.ebi.ac.uk/~zerbino/velvet/, open access)









ANALYSIS of sequences

- 26. If any, which method was used to characterize or differentiate isolates (please select all that apply)?*
 - MLST
 - Allele-based
 - Gene-by-gene-based
 - SNP-based
 - None

If other, please define

- 27. For determining the MLST-type of the sequenced DNA, how was the analysis performed (please select one answer)?*
 - MLST-analysis was performed on raw reads
 - MLST-analysis was performed on contigs
 - MLST-analysis was not performed
- 28. For determining antimicrobial resistance (AMR) genes present in the sequenced DNA, how was the analysis performed (please select one answer)?*
 - Analysis for AMR-genes was performed on raw reads
 - Analysis for AMR-genes was performed on contigs
 - Analysis for AMR-genes was not performed
- 29. For the detection of the Multi Locus Sequence Type, which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (e.g. MLST 1.7 (MultiLocus Sequence Typing), http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/MLST/, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:
- 30. For the detection of the resistance genes harboured in the sequences, which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (e.g. ResFinder, http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/ResFinder/, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant)*:
- 31. For the detection of serogroup/serotype (not relevant for *Campylobacter*), which tool did you apply? Please insert name and URL (*e.g.* ResFinder, http://cge.cbs.dtu.dk/services/ResFinder/, open access) (enter 'NA' if not relevant):









SUBMITTED datafiles

32. Have the fastq-files (obtained non-assembled sequence data, file names as indicated in the protocol) been uploaded to the ScienceData-folder for bacterial cultures and DNA following the description in the PT-protocol? Please confirm by ticking off the response field* (yes/no)